The Board is waiting to hear from State Parks Dept. on the status of meeting at the club house. You will receive an email with more information shortly.

The club has moved into the digital age and is holding Fly Tying Jams via Zoom in addition to monthly Board and General meetings. And, you can go out to the park and get some fresh air and join the Casting Challenge offered by John Hogg and Rick Radoff. This is the first time it’s being offered, and I encourage you to take advantage and improve your skills in a very practical and measurable way.

Please check the club calendar for up-and-coming events and fishouts.

Webber Lake Fishout
July 8th

Webber Lake has been a private property and lake from the early 1860s. In recent years, it has been a private fishing club with camping and fishing. Two years ago, the Trust for Public Land and Truckee Donner Land Trust raised funds from the Wildlife Conservation Board, the California Resources Agency, the Northern Sierra Partnership, The Nature Conservancy, and the Sierra Nevada Conservancy to complete the $8M acquisition. Truckee Donner Land Trust owns and manages the property. The 3,000-acre Webber Lake property is a look back in time. The land, nestled between Perazzo Meadows and the Jackson Meadow Reservoir, hosts a pristine mountain meadow, a naturally occurring lake at the headwaters of the Little Truckee River, forested uplands, and approximately 7 miles of riparian habitat along Lacy Creek and the Little Truckee River.

The lake has lots of established weed beds, and as a result, good hatches of insects. The usual midges, mayflies, caddis and...
terrestrials are available to the fish. Baitfish are also in the mix. Fish 4-to-6 weight rods with floating lines and 9-to-15 foot leaders tapered to 3x or 4x. The floating line is used for surface feeding fish and for nymphs under an indicator. A clear intermediate line for stripping nymphs and a type III line is great for stripping streamers when the fish are deeper.

**Fishing:** Webber Lake is legendary for anglers, and arguably the birthplace of sport fishing in the Sierra when Dr. Webber first stocked the lake in 1860. Conventional gear fishing and fly fishing are permitted. Fishing is regulated by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife’s Sierra District General regulations.

**RULES, REGULATIONS, GOOD TO KNOW**
Webber Lake Lacey Meadows are open to the public from dawn to dusk for day use. Camping, fires, and motorized vehicles are prohibited on the property, except in the campground. Dogs must be leashed in the campground and in the day use area, and under voice command elsewhere. Pets must not endanger wildlife. For nearly 150 years, sheep have grazed from late summer to early fall in the meadow. There may be sheep in the meadow when you visit; please stay clear of the herders’ dogs.

**HOW TO GET THERE**
From Hwy 89, about 17 miles north of Truckee, take Jackson Meadows Road west about 8 miles to the sign for Webber Lake. Turn left and proceed down a dirt road for about a quarter
Webber Lake Fishout - Continued from page 2

mile. At a closed gate, the road forks to the right, and in about another quarter of a mile is a dirt road to the
left, and a sign pointing to the TDLT Lacey Meadows parking area. Follow this road for about 0.6 mile to the
parking area, interpretive kiosks, and maps of the area.

Boating: Watercraft of all kind are welcome, but there is a 5-mph speed limit. Due to concern about aquatic
invasive species (AIS), your craft is likely to be inspected. A boat ramp and trailer parking are available. Sierr
Country requires an AIS form be completed before launching that you download here.

SIGN UP
For more detailed information, go the website here. If you are planning to attend, send me an email at
travelmaster@surewest.net.

Virginia Lakes Fishout
July 14 - 19, 2020

by Michael Kaul, Fishout Leader

Flycasters, it is time for the annual Virginia Lakes trip (hopefully, the virus will continue to subside). We are
looking at the 14th to the 19th. There will be a communal dinner on Saturday the 18th (possibly chili; sorry,
but tacos are a little too much touching) for all who attend.

For those of you unfamiliar with Virginia Lakes, they are on the eastern slope of the Sierra, just south of
Bridgeport off of Hwy 395, just before you drop down to Mono Lake. The scenery is “eastern side incredible.”
We will be staying at Trumble Lake campground at 9,700 feet. If you are concerned about the elevation, you
might consider staying a night at Twin Lakes or the Tahoe area on the way. Drink plenty of water on the way
up! This is a nice campground with water and exceptionally nice pit toilets. Reservations can be made online,
but unless there are cancelations, they will be gone. Only 2/3 of the sites are reservable, so we usually are
able to secure sites without them. There is also unimproved camping a short distance down the road by the
creek (Road 139). These are also very beautiful, right next to a stream, and are free, but have no water and
very limited bathrooms. There is very limited cell service in the entire area.

The two Virginia Lakes are easy walking distance from the campground, which sits right next to Trumble
Lake. There is excellent wet and dry fly fishing at all three lakes, as well as in the multiple lakes just up
the trail. There are plenty of opportunities for stream and river lovers as well. These include Virginia Creek,
Green Creek and the West and East Walker Rivers just down the road. There is a store at Little Virginia (not
at all sure about whether it will be open) with high priced goods, a little restaurant (very nice breakfasts and
lunches), and hot showers. They also rent cabins, usually for a week, but will do a weekend at the last minute
if they aren’t rented: http://www.virginialakesresort.com. Bridgeport is a 30-to-45 minute drive, and there
are motels if camping is not your thing.

Continued on Page 4
Virginia Lakes Fishout - Continued from page 3

The lake fishing is generally float tube with sinking line (intermediate - fast). Catching twenty fish in a day is not extraordinary, and I will be available to help anyone who desires it. Flies will be plentiful, as I will bring my tying stuff, as will others. There will be extra equipment available for anyone to use, including tubes and fins. Rods from 3-6 wt. are the norm.

This is a great family outing, as there are a variety of things to do besides fishing. The hiking is excellent, with relatively short distances between lakes. Just down the road there is horseback riding, and the old gold ghost-town of Bodie is within 45 minutes. The city of Mammoth is less than an hour away, as is the entrance to Yosemite.

Please call me if you have any questions and let me know if you are planning to come so I can get enough camp sites and bring enough chili.

Michael Kaul
mikedkaul@gmail.com
(530) 677-8022 or cell (916) 337-5468

Sly Park/Jenkinson Lake Fishout

by Doug Kytonen, Fishmaster

The Sly Park Fishout this year will be on Wednesday, July 22nd. This is a new date from the one originally scheduled for May, but rescheduled due to park restrictions. As of now, the lake and campgrounds are open, and very popular this time of year. It’s an excellent lake for float tube fishing for smallmouth bass.

Rainbow, German Brown, mackinaw, large and small mouth bass, and bluegill can all be caught here. The Department of Fish and Wildlife maintains the fish planting program of trout. From the narrows of the lake back to Hazel Creek, there is a 5 mph speed limit. The area we will be fishing is called the “Chimneys.” Here are a couple of pictures from the message board Gene Goss took. Big Thanks to Gene.

If interested in going after some nice fighting fish, smallmouth bass is the ticket. With this area being a 5 mph zone, it is quite safe, and no worries about skiers and fast boats. A 5-8 wt. rod will be the way to go, with a floating or intermediate line working fine. Flies would be an assortment of wiggle tails, wooly buggers or maybe a crawfish, or small bait fish pattern will work.

There is a boat ramp at the cove prior to the Chimneys called Stonebreaker Launch and campground. Day use entrance is $14.00/$10.00 with senior discount; boat launch is $10.00/$9.00 senior and disable discount. If you want to sign up, contact me at Travelmaster@surewest.net. Also, there is more detailed info here on the web site.
Update on the FFI Casting Challenges

Fly Fishers International (FFI) has created a series of Bronze, Silver, and Gold casting challenges. Each challenge consists of about 7 tasks that test accuracy, distance, off-shoulder casting, and several specialty casts.

We have several members who have successfully completed some challenges. They are listed by their highest level of achievement:

**Bronze:** Michelle Davidson, Paul Estridge, Mike Gervais, Jack Ramos

**Silver:** Mike Baker, Tom DiLallo, Terry Eggleston, Tom Ross, Sturmer White

**Gold:** Rick Radoff, John Hogg

**Bronze, non-dominant hand:** Rick Radoff, John Hogg

Our experience with the program so far, is that participation is far and away one of the most effective tools available for self-evaluation and improvement of one’s casting skills. For casters who are self-taught, a little coaching may be needed to channel that experience into completing these challenges. But that is what Rick and John are here for.

Future challenge sessions will be announced by E-Blast.

Please contact us at [johnhogg03@gmail.com](mailto:johnhogg03@gmail.com) or [rickradoff@att.net](mailto:rickradoff@att.net) if you would like more information.

Nimbus Hatchery Fish Passage Project

*by Mel Odemar*

The Nimbus Fish Hatchery was built by the US Department of Reclamation in 1955 to mitigate for the loss of spawning habitat for Chinook salmon and Central Valley steelhead blocked by the construction of Folsom and Nimbus dams. The mitigation requirements are 4 million Chinook smolts and 430 thousand steelhead yearlings. The California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) operates and maintains the hatchery.

Returning salmon and steelhead access the hatchery via a weir and fish ladder. The weir is needed from mid-September through January during the Chinook salmon spawning season, whereas steelhead locate the ladder entrance in sufficient numbers to meet mitigation goals without the weir. The weir is aging and susceptible to damage from high flows, and requires annual flow reductions for maintenance. The weir racks and pickets cannot handle flows over 5,000 cfs, and sometimes requires removal before sufficient numbers of adult fall run Chinook salmon can be collected. In years where extensive damage has occurred, flow reductions of five to nine days have been necessary to repair the weir. Extended periods of flow reduction negatively impact the availability of steelhead habitat in the river by reducing cover from predation, thereby increasing the likelihood of disease spread, and increasing water temperature. Worker safety during installation and removal for routine cleaning is also a primary concern. The purpose of the proposed project is to create and maintain a reliable system for collecting adult fish to allow Reclamation to remain in compliance with the mitigation obligations, while adequately protecting Chinook salmon and Central Valley steelhead trout.

*Continued on Page 6*
Nimbus Hatchery Fish Passage Project - Continued from page 5

The Department of Reclamation and CDFW formed a partnership and evaluated two approaches to the problem. The first is to extend the ladder to the Nimbus Dam stilling basin, using the basin itself to hold and divert the fish to the ladder. The second approach is to replace the weir structure with a permanent weir. Other alternatives considered included a tunnel fish ladder under Hazel Avenue; a fish ladder alignment to accommodate a Kayak Course; fish passage around Nimbus Dam; a four-bay permanent fish weir; and fish passage with a rectangular 1,522 ft. flume. These alternatives were eliminated from further consideration.

The second alternative, the construction of a new permanent fish weir, was estimated to cost $12 million. This alternative consists of a 750-foot-long, 52-foot-wide concrete weir that would span the width of the river just upstream of the existing ladder entrance; and six 15-foot-wide bypass bays on the south (Hatchery) side of the river that would allow access to maintain the structure at flows less than 2,500 cfs. A deck would be built over the bays to allow access to the remainder of the structure for maintenance. The structure would be designed to withstand flood flows of 160,000 cfs with minimal damage, which is the maximum discharge rate of Nimbus Dam. Each bypass bay would have an air-bladder-operated gate to control the flow through the bays. The gates would be lowered when the ladder is not in use, and would be raised to block fish when needed for hatchery operations. Pickets would extend from the top of the gates to prevent salmon from swimming upstream when the gates are raised. The cost of this alternative was estimated to be $12 million.

The first alternative, the removal of the existing weir and extend the fishway to the Nimbus stilling basin, is the preferred alternative. The cost was estimated to be $7.5 in 2011. Work has started this year, and is scheduled for completion in October, 2020. The new fish passageway will consist of a concrete flume, a pool and fish ladder, and a rock-lined channel. The upper portion of the fish passageway will consist of a low gradient concrete flume that will begin at the top of the existing fish ladder, and extend along the south bank of the American River beneath the Hazel Avenue Bridge, to a point just downstream from the existing access road to Nimbus Shoals. A pool and weir fish ladder section will extend from the end of the flume.
Nimbus Hatchery Fish Passage Project - Continued from page 6

section to a point along the edge of Nimbus Shoals. This will be followed by a rock-lined trapezoidal channel
that will extend from the bottom of the ladder section to the edge of the Nimbus Dam stilling basin. Visitors
will have access to areas next to the fishway, but will be prevented from entering the concrete portions by
fencing and guardrails.

The fish passageway will require flows sufficient for fish attraction and adequate depth for operation. Design
flows for the flume and fish ladder sections are 25 cfs. Flows up to 25 cfs will allow normal operation of the
fish passageway. Supplemental water supplies up to an additional 40 cfs will be provided to attract fish to
the passageway entrance. Sufficient attraction flows to the ladder have been a concern, since the flow of
water from the fishway will be a very small portion of the entire flow. Hopefully, the combined flow of 65 cfs
will be sufficient to attract fish to the fishway.

This alternative also calls for a year-round fishing closure from the USGS cable downstream from the
existing weir to Nimbus Dam. This closure went into effect in March, 2018.

When completed, the project will greatly improve Chinook salmon and steelhead production, both from the
hatchery and natural spawning. There will also be enhanced opportunity for the public to observe salmon
passage in a more natural setting. With the weir and pickets removed, there will be a large number of fish
in the stilling basin, and the spawning gravels within the basin will provide a unique opportunity to observe
salmon spawning in the wild.

8th Annual Upper Sacramento Spring Fishout Report
May 27 -31, 2020

by Tony Jelinek, Fishout Leader

We were able to keep the streak alive. The 8th Annual Upper Sacramento
Spring Fish-Out took place from May 27th to May 31st. The fish-out had twelve
participants. Veterans to the Upper Sacramento River included Eric Palmer,
Kim Lloyd, Michael Gervais accompanied by his wife, Kathi, Chris Warren,
Steve Pitts, and yours truly. New to the river were Mike, Joanne, and Seth
Allyn, along with Jeff and Brandi Jones.

Dunsmuir was opening up. A sit-down breakfast could be
enjoyed at Penny’s Diner. You
could dine-in at the Dunsmuir
Brewery Works, or La Perla de
Nayarit Mexican Restaurant.
Dunsmuir Brewery didn’t have
the Salmon BLT back on the
menu yet, but they had many
other treats along with their delicious German potato salad,
no open mic night, but plenty of good beer.

As is often the case, at the end of May, the weather was
hot, so wet wading was quite refreshing. The high, the first
day of the trip, was 94 degrees, dropping to 80 degrees two
days later, and finally to 54 degrees—a 40 degree drop—on
the fourth day of the trip, accompanied by rain and lightning.
The lightning kept us off of the water for about 20 minutes,
but soon it passed, and we were able to get back to fishing.

Continued on Page 8
The fish did not seem to mind, and the fishing remained good. The river flows were good, starting at 682 cfs and dropping to 621 cfs before rising with the rain to 779 cfs. Some of the favorite fishing holes were inaccessible due to the flows, but the flows made for discoveries of new holes and some surprisingly good pocket water in areas where one would normally not expect to find fish.

In fact, the fishing was good throughout the trip. Many small and larger fish from 11-to-14 inches were caught. Jeff Jones got the hang of short-line nymphing quickly, and was soon catching fish in pool after pool in Castella State Park. Brandi was learning, but broke the ice after about an hour of fishing, and there was no looking back. Steve Pitts and Chris Warren hit the hopper-dropper action in the evening above the Soda Creek bridge, and had good evenings of catching fish. Michael Gervais and Kim Lloyd hunted diligently for the hot spots on the river, and found a few.

Mike, Joanne, and Seth had great dry fly action on golden stones one evening, and for Seth, the time to use short-line nymphing finally clicked, and there was no holding him back from exploring every pocket on the water, while his mother, Joanne, kept up with him stride-for-stride, even as the river rose during the rain on Saturday. The usual suspects (flies) were effective—red copper John, red-headed step-child, Dark Lord, Prince Nymph, and Jimmy rubber legs in brown or black, along with Stimulators and parachute Adams.

Home base was the same place as last year—Soda Creek Farm. We enjoyed a group dinner Thursday evening before heading to the river for the evening action.

The Upper Sacramento River never disappoints. One may have to work to get your fish, but is usually well rewarded for one’s efforts.
Manzanita Lake Fishout Report

by Michael Kaul, Fishout Leader

Twenty GBF members went off in search of trout and tranquility in the out-of-doors of Lassen National Park June 3rd -7th. There was more than some doubt about the trip because the park didn’t actually open until June 1st. The weather treated us very well, with only light winds, no rain and beautiful days with mild temperatures. The fishing didn’t disappoint, for the most part, with consistent action and some very beautiful fish landed. I can say my first fish, a brown of 18-19”, was the most beautiful fish I have ever seen, with his golden tone and spots of bright red and black. Some members caught primarily browns, whereas others caught mostly rainbows. Mine were about even.

Fish were caught on cinnamon/black wiggle tails, hare’s ears, and green buggers. Many reported hooking fish that immediately dove for the bottom and into the weeds; some got them out, but many were lost. I had most success casting a wiggle tail into shallow water, then stripping the intermediate line quickly to stay out of the weeds.

We also went on hikes, rode bikes and generally just enjoyed being out in nature. We had a socially distanced chili and cornbread dinner on Friday night due to an impending storm, with snow Saturday afternoon. Most of us left Saturday morning, but three stayed daring it to snow and get cold in June. It did. Other highlights were Mark Middleton trying out an “in the box” old donut tube someone gave him. Shortly after launch (but long enough to get to deeper water), the seat ripped out and Mark went down filling his waders, but was able to hold on to kick to shallow water. Gary Gale, not to be outdone, decided the people on the boat launch ramp were too slow, and he went for a deeper water launch into (almost) his kayak. As a result, he and Mark are now in competition in the Wet Fly Contest.

On a positive note (though not as entertaining), Wendell Edwards brought masks with fish motif for everyone that his neighbor had sewed. Super thoughtful. For the most part, everyone was careful about distance, except when falling into old warmer habits, but with a reminder, all was good.

---

We Are Serious About Fly Tying...

Our Fly Tying Staff

Brett Drury
Fly Tying Instructor
Renowned Fly Tyer, Sacramento Area

Rick Anderson
Contract Fly Tyer
Montana Fly Company

Ron Speroni
Contract Fly Tyer
Pacific Fly Group

Morgan Thalken
Contract Fly Tyer
Umpqua Feather Merchants

Connect With Us On:

Facebook
Twitter
Google+  YouTube

www.flyfishingspecialties.com

...Come In And See For Yourself - If You Need It, We Have It!

“They have the largest selection of fly tying materials in California!” - Andy Burk
The Dark Lord of Dunsmuir

by Seth Allyn

Preface by Tony Jelinek, Fishout Leader:

Eric Palmer has researched extensively the history of the Dunsmuir and the Upper Sacramento area, along with the origins of short-line nymphing. We have had the opportunity to enjoy some of his stories and findings through articles in The Leader. On the most recent Upper Sacramento River fishout, Eric was able to open the eyes of one of our newer and younger members to the wonderful world of short-line nymphing.

I'll be honest, how to Euro/Czech/Tightline/High Stick/Short-line nymph was as confusing to me as which name to call it. Casting (if you can call it that) a super long leader felt like throwing tissue paper into the wind, and the double nymph tangles rivaled the Gordian knot of Greek mythology. I had attempted this technique many times on my Lower Yuba River home waters with the same frustrating results. Why would anyone willingly subject themselves to this torture?

Enter...The Dark Lord of Dunsmuir. Eric Palmer may appear as a mere mortal to the casual observer, but to the trout that call the Upper Sac home, he is evil incarnate. He picks pocket waters, robs riffles, and plunders pools with ruthless efficiency. This was my first fishout with Granite Bay Flycasters, and in addition to giving a fantastic tour of the river hot spots and local history, Eric was kind enough to pass on the secrets of his dark nymphing arts. My initiation into arcane mysteries began with understanding how and when to Tightline Nymph. Eric explained that this is a pocket water technique best suited to cut through the turbulent water of the Upper Sac's wild and rocky canyons. Targeting the "V" shaped water behind boulders, and dead drifting the nymphs past the soft water, would yield results indicators and dry droppers could never reach. Like a bolt from the heavens, it dawned on me that I had been trying to put the square peg of Tightline Nymphing in the round hole of the flat cobblestone sprawl of the Lower Yuba. No wonder I was coming home skunked!

“What fly should I be using?” asked the neophyte before his first cast.

“The Dark Lord nymph,” said the oracle.

After four fish in ten minutes, The Dark Lord of Dunsmuir had a new convert.

Granite Bay Flycasters Classifieds

To place a classified ad, you must be a member in good standing of the Granite Bay Flycasters. Classified ads will run for only one issue of The Leader, unless the seller requests it to run longer. Submit your listing to: editor@gbflycasters.org. All ads must be submitted by the 15th of the month to be included in the following month’s Leader.
Fly Patterns - Bill’s Swimming Hex Nymph

Description

A few years ago, when I went to Labrador with a small group of friends to fish for giant Brookies, we expected that there would be a good hatch of Hexagenia mayflies—and, as it turned out, that was the case. What we didn’t know were two big factors: (1) The Hexagenias in Labrador are even larger than they are in our neck of the woods; and (2) There was a simultaneous hatch of Gray Drakes and Green Drakes—and each of these two additional species was the same size as the Hexagenias. In other words, as it happened there were three distinctly differently colored ginormous mayflies blanketing the water. Nevertheless, it didn’t matter much because the fish gulped down all three species indiscriminately. My guess is that they do so because they are all a nice big meal, and their season of plenty is so short-lived that they eat whatever is available. Their watery home is frozen over for nearly 8 months, so as the lawyers say, “time is of the essence” for them.

Being contrarian by nature, I decided to see what would happen if I used the Hex nymphs that I had tied for the trip. The guides thought I was a brick or two short—and maybe they are right. But they stopped their prattling when they began seeing the results. Of course, once I had made my point I returned to the adults—as we all know, it just doesn’t get any better than watching a big fish crash into your floating fly. More recently, on a trip to Henderson Springs for the annual Hex hatch at that venue, my theory about what big fish do during a Hex hatch proved itself time and again. My theory is quite simple: If you see fish swirling amidst a horde of adults adorning the surface of the lake, don’t assume that they are taking the adults. In fact, at times they may not take the adults at all, opting instead to intercept the nymphs near the surface before they hatch. Instead of putting on my favorite Hex adult patterns, I set my rig up with a two-fly tandem arrangement: the top fly was my Swimming Hex Nymph, and the bottom fly was Lincoln Gray’s Floating Nymph. My friend Keith Pierraz stood and watched as I landed 17 fish (all between 18 and 24”) in an hour; after Keith left, I stayed for another hour and landed 10 more beauties. I would have kept at it but it was black dark and I had to get off the water. During that whole two-plus hours, I did not see a single fish take an adult. Go figure—but also give it some thought. I’ve watched countless times as anglers dig out their dry flies as soon as adult mayflies appear on the water. Big mistake. Stay with those nymphs until it is clear that most of the fish are taking adults. I will sometimes fish the nymphs or swing soft hackle right through the hatch. Only when I’m sure—and I’m never sure of anything, really—that the fish are done with the nymphs will I switch to dries.

Tying Instructions

For best viewing: (1) Maximize your Computer Screen Window. (2) Type “Ctrl + or -” to enlarge or contract the photograph display. (3) Use the Horizontal and Vertical Scroll Bars to scroll right and up/down to display larger photos on your screen.

Fly Patterns - Bill’s Swimming Hex Nymph

Materials:

- Hook: TMC 300 or similar hook, size 8
- Weight: 3 wraps of lead-free weight at thorax
- Thread: Dark brown 8/0
- Abdomen: Orange flat waxed, smallest size available
- Wing case: Brown deer hair
- Rib: Extra-fine copper or gold Wire
- Thorax: Arizona Peacock dubbing, robust
- Throat: Pearl Spirit River Lite-brite
- Hackle: Brown spey hackle
- Head: Arizona Peacock dubbing

Bill’s Swimming Hex Nymph

Bill Carnazzo Fly Tyer’s Corner
(Taken from the Article Written in July 2011)
Fly Tyer’s Corner - Continued from page 11

1. Smash the hook barb. Wrap 3 turns of weight at the thorax area, which will be about 2 eye-widths behind the hook eye.

2. Cover the shank with thread, leaving it at the back of the barb.

3. Tie in a piece of fine gold or copper wire.

4. Dub a relatively slender abdomen of Arizona Peacock dubbing; stop at the one third point on the hook shank behind the eye. Rib the abdomen with the wire and tie it off in front of the abdomen.

5. Cut a small bunch of brown deer hair, clean it, and tie it in by the tips in front of the abdomen with the butts pointing to the rear. Leave it in this position for now.


7. Pull the wing case over the top of the thorax, tie it down in front of the thorax, and trim the excess.

8. Turn the fly upside down and tie in a beard of pearl Lite-Brite; this should be very sparse, and no longer than the hook point.

9. Return the fly to upright position, tie in a brownish spey hackle, and take a few wraps in front of the thorax; tie it off and trim the excess.

Crank out a bunch of these blokes, go feed them to some trout, and...

Enjoy, and see ya on the creek...!!
Granite Bay Flycasters
8757 Auburn Folsom Road, #2842
Granite Bay, CA 95746-9998

Mission: The organization is dedicated to conservation of fish habitat, advancement of the art of Fly Fishing, and good sportsmanship.

Meetings: General club meetings are held on the second Thursday of each month at the Granite Bay Activities Center on the shores of Folsom Lake. For directions, check [http://gbflycasters.org](http://gbflycasters.org). Doors open between 6:00 p.m. and 6:30 p.m. for socializing and fly tying demonstrations. The business portion of the meeting begins at 7:00 p.m. The main program gets underway after a short refreshment break and usually involves a guest speaker and slide show, or other presentation. All meetings are open to the public and visitors are encouraged to attend.

Membership: Applications are available on-line at [http://gbflycasters.org](http://gbflycasters.org) and at general meetings. Single membership: $30; Family memberships: $35; and youth (under 18): $10. There is also a $12 name badge charge for all new members. Membership is prorated throughout the year. For membership information, contact Don Whitecar at 916-804-5384, or visit the website at [http://gbflycasters.org](http://gbflycasters.org).

The Leader: To send articles, photos, ads and other materials, please e-mail to: Frank Stolten at editor@gbflycasters.org. Please put GBF Leader in the subject line. Deadline for materials is the 15th of each month.

---

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Officers, Directors and Committee Chairs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>President</strong> - TinaLyn Sell 916-765-9265</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VP Membership - Eric Palmer 916-987-1359</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VP Conservation - Ed Lloyd 949-939-0540</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secretary - Dave Fujiyama 949-212-8545</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Treasurer - Jerry Furlong 916-208-2671</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Directors:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Through June, 2023 - Bruce Emard 916-601-9566</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Through June, 2023 - Joey Nizuk 916-200-5351</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Through June, 2022 - Kim Lloyd 916-425-7680</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Through June, 2021 - Drake Johnson 916-791-1039</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Through June, 2021 - Ron Davidson 530-320-3598</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Director at Large, 1 year term - Chris Kight 916-813-8008</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Director at Large, 1 year term - Brett McKague 415-786-5224</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Directors:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Through June, 2021 - Ron Davidson 530-320-3598</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Director at Large, 1 year term - Brett McKague 415-786-5224</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

http://gbflycasters.org